all the promoter SELECTIONS and the agent most course

1

FROM THE

VERNACULAR NEWSPAPERS

PUBLISHED IN THE

NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES, OUDH,

CENTRAL PROVINCES, AND RÁJPÚTÁNA.

Received up to 7th August, 1889.

POLITICAL.

The Najmu-l-Akhbar (Etawah), of the 1st August, adverting to the seditious manifesto lately Mahárája Dalip Singh's seditious manifesto. sent by Mahárája Dalip Singh to this country, observes that now there can hardly be two opinions as to his insanity. He has the audacity to style the manifesto a royal proclamation, while his condition is at present no better than that of a beggar. The proclamation contains eight foolish commands. By the first command cow-slaughter is forbidden in this country, and the Musalmans are told that they will receive compensation for the loss of their right to kill kine for food! They must perceive that they will be the first to suffer from the Mahárája's would-be rule. succeeded in conquering India (which Heaven forbid), he would demolish all their mosques, interdict the offering up of prayer, and so forth, granting them an allowance for the withdrawal of those rights. He should remember that they are loyally attached to the British Government and ready to help in annihilating him and his band of conspirators and mercenaries. The Najmu-l-Akhbar refers to the other seven commands, and hopes that he may be cured of his insanity and make an apology for his misconduct. In that case the generous British Government is sure to pardon him and renew his

Circulation, 175 copies.

pension. The Oudh Punch, Lucknow, of the 1st August, in a communicated article, observes that the Maharaja's desire of regaining his kingdom appears to have made him mad, and then publishes an Urdu translation of his proclamation. The Oudh Akhbar, Lucknow, of the 5th August, publishes a vernacular translation of the proclamation and considers it an additional proof of Dalip Singh's insanity.)

Circulation, 250 copies.

The Subodh Sindhu (Khandwa), of the 31st July, publishes a Marathi translation of Dalip Singh's manifesto, a copy of which was sent to the editor by the Maharaja from Paris, and observes that a perusal of it will convince any man that Dalip Singh has become quite mad. No one can dream of such an insane man driving out the English from this country. It is the earnest prayer of the whole native population that the just and benevolent British Government may always continue to rule over them. Dalip Singh makes a mistake if he expects any aid from this country. Heaven will punish such an ungrateful and disloyal man before long.

NATIVE STATES.

Circulation. 415 copies.

mitalioni

The Hindustan (Kálákankar), of the 1st August, observes Conciliation of the that the ill-treatment to which the Chandelin Maharani of dowager Maharanis of Rewah were son. subjected by the late Superintendents of the State and the late Political Agent for Central India, during the last four or five years, is a good index to the arbitrary and high-handed proceedings of political officials in native states. If a sympathetic Englishman saw his way to publishing an account of the ill-treatment of the Maháránis in, English newspapers, the people in England would find out what shameful acts of injustice are committed by Residents and Political Agents in this country. When Englishmen come to know of the retirement of the Chandelin Maharani into a forest, owing to her ill-treatment by the political officials, they are sure to feel great grief, shame and indignation. The only fault committed by the downger Maharanis, which exposed them to such hardships and miseries, was that they once refused to see-Mrs. Martelli. They incurred the severe displeasure of Major Martelli, the then Superintendent of the Rewal State, by the

refusal, and since then he treated them as if he had taken a vow to break their pride. He and his successor, Major Barr, had no difficulty in persecuting the helpless Maháránis, as the Foreign Office readily believes even the most absurd stories invented by unconscientious Residents and Political Agents. In 1887 Sir Lepel Griffin went to Rewah and issued most objectionable orders as to the lodging and boarding of the Maháránis and the young prince. Only the Chandelin Maháráni, the mether of the Mahárája, was allowed to live with the prince, while the other Maharanis, the step-mothers of the prince, who love him as much as his own mother does, were ordered to reside in a separate building. Major Barr and Diwan Het Ram introduced objectionable changes in the administration and greatly increased the expenditure. The Maháránis sent frequent petitions to the Viceroy which were not heeded. Finding her position at Rewah quite intolerable, the Chandelin Maháráni retired to a forest in the neighbouring State of Panna, and lived there in a palankeen only, protecting this diminutive palace from the ravages of wild beasts by bamboo rails. Her sufferings and hardships during her exile may be easily imagined. At last the Viceroy has been moved by her frequent representations to take her case into consideration; and at the suggestion of His Excellency, Major Robertson, the present Superintendent of Rewah, who appears to be a very just and sympathetic official, has lately brought her back to Satna, after an exile of 21 years. The Hindustan of the 4th August then gives an account of the Maháráni's journey, and highly praises Major Robertson for his attention and kindness to her on the way. When her palankeen came to grief, he told her that she might ride on his elephant, if she liked, and that he would march on foot. But, of course, she did not like to ride on an elephant. He himself went in search of a carpenter to get the palankeen repaired. He has already made a reduction of two lakhs in the state expenditure. hoped that he will redress the wrongs of the Maharanis and introduce necessary reforms in the administration.

The Dabdaba-i-Quisari (Bareilly), of the 3rd August,

the Lepel Griffin and says that Sir Lepel Griffin appears to

Kashmir.

be an inveterate enemy to native

Circulation, 300 copies.

princes. Although he received many benefits from them and was indirectly forced by the Government of India to retire 400 copies from the public service, he persists in his efforts to injure them. In a late speech in London he recommended the annexation of Kashmir and the establishment of a British colony there! He would not hesitate to propose that the Happy Valley be shot bedily to England, if such a heave were practicable. It would seem that the Government of India was long anxious for an opportunity of occupying Kashmir. Lately the Maháraja was charged with having written some incriminating letters; and deprived of all power. A Council of Regency has been established to conduct the administration, the Resident being made President. It would be no matter for surprise if the state were annexed in course of time. The letters having been found to be forgeries, the establishment of the council was unjustifiable. The appointment of the Resident to the position of President is still more objectionable. Government is anxious to annex Kashmír, palpably because the country possesses an excellent climate, and Government pretends to suspect that the Maharaja carries on intrigues against it with the Russians. But such greed and self-evolved suspicions suit a highway robber and not a powerful Government. states were annexed in accordance with Sir Lepel Griffin's advice, in utter disregard of the Royal Proclamation of 1858 and the treaties concluded with native princes, the British Government would be considered to be as treacherous as the Russian Government.

Circulation, 100 copies.

doldaloou)

moigro della

The Rahbar (Moradabad), of the 28th July, congratulates Sahabzadah Haidar Ali Khan on the Sahabzadah Haidar Ali fact that, owing to the justice and and the Rampur impartiality of Government, he has been successful in his dispute with the Rampur State. He should be thankful to Government for the redress of his His success is in a great measure due to his grievances. firmness and patience. General Azamu-l-din Khan was bent on ruining him, but at last the General was obliged to call on him at his own house and accede to his wishes. The Rakbar then publishes the orders issued by the Rampur Council in the case of the Sahabzadah.

GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

A correspondent of the Nasim-i-Agra, of the 30th July, Labour exacted from observes that nothing could be a better, convicts in jails. proof of the unduly hard labour exacted. from convicts in jails than the circumstance that sometimes convicts belonging to Ahir and other such castes agree to work as sweepers, in order to escape working at a well, a corn-mill or an oil-press. The writer has often heard of convicts having been employed as sweepers at the Naini Central Jail, and of their having been received by their castefellows into society on their release. The employment of human beings on those kinds of hard labour which are ordinarily performed by cattle cannot be too highly condemned. There is also another thing which deserves attention. The same quantity of food is allowed to the convicts employed at corn-mills or oil-presses and to those who do lighter work. 12 or 14 chhataks of flour is not sufficient for the former. The prevalence of corruption among the jail peons and officials is chiefly due to the objectionable system of convict labour. The friends and relatives of convicts give bribes to jail officials with a view to inducing the officials to show indulgence to the convicts in the matter of labour.

Slaughter of kine. article in condemnation of the slaughter of kine for food, endeavours to show that an average of 8,900 kine are daily killed to provide beef for the Muhammadan population and the European British army in this country, and refers to the alleged loss which cultivation suffers from the slaughter of cattle. Mr. E. C. Ozanne, the Director of Agriculture in Bombay, observes in a report that a full-grown cow or ox drops 1,080lbs. of stercus, which is excellent manure, per month. Sir William Hunter, in his History of India, states that the growing scarcity and weakness of cattle are very injurious to agriculture. A writer has shown that there has been a reduction of 24.6 per cent. in the number of cattle in a certain part of the country during the last 26 years. It may

be safely assumed that the number of cattle is falling off at that

rate throughout the country. In that case the bovine species

The Godharm Prakásh (Cawnpore), for August, in an

Circulation, 400 copies.

Circulation, 715 copies.

will come to an end in this country within the next 78 years. No prophet is required to foretell the disastrous consequences of the entire annihilation of cattle. But still Government continues loudly to exclaim that it is always anxious to promote the welfare of the people!

Circulation,

Need for the establishment of associations to that it appears from another newspaper ment of associations to that an association has been established when police. In America to watch the proceedings of the police. The association will report to the higher authorities any police official who misbehaves himself. If such associations were established by Government in this country, the high-handedness of the police would be checked to a large extent.

Circulation, 300 copies. Mr. DeCosta's pamphlet to the pamphlet published by Mr. DeCosta's pamphlet DeCosta, in favour of the introduction of permanent settlement in India. of permanent settlement throughout this country, thanks him for the publication of the book and observes that thirteen thousand copies of the pamphlet have been distributed in England. It is to be hoped that the next annual meeting of the National Congress will do full justice to the permanent settlement question.

Circulation, 800 copies.

ended (16)

Charin

The outbreak of cholers has lately been playing havor in the in the Central Jail at Naini and the District Jail at Allahabad. Hundreds of deaths lieve occurred and the jails have been abandoned for a time. The outbreak of the disease appears to be due to the supply of unwholesome food to convicts. Any unprejudiced man will to once perceive that food made of inferior and adulterated grain cannot suit such convicts as belong to the higher classes of the community and are accustomed to the use of good theat, rice, he. It would be better if every offender were at once leading of dying helplessly of cholers or other such

disease. It is difficult to understand why the same food is indiscriminately supplied to all native convicts, while European and Eurasian convicts are allowed leavened bread and other wholesome articles of food. The former native rulers subjected convicts to the humiliation of begging alms for their own support, but those rulers did not slaughter them like sheep and goats. Lately an application was made to the Superintendent of the Lock-up at Allahabad, on behalf of an under-trial prisoner, praying that the prisoner should be supplied with a sufficient quantity of good food, as he had not yet been convicted of any offence: the applicant even offered to pay Rs. 20 to meet the cost of the prisoner's food. Hálat will publish in a future issue the orders passed by the District Magistrate on the application, but adds that it is most unjust to give insufficient food, and that of a very inferior kind, barely fit for beasts, to accused persons who have not yet been convicted by competent courts, or even after conviction, for the matter of that. Why were the Governors-General and the Lieutenant-Governors who had failed to provide sufficient relief for famine-stricken persons blamed for the mortality which consequently occurred among such men, when prisoners are allowed to perish from the use of insufficient and unwholesome food?

The Hálat-i-Hind (Allahabad), for July, says that the Pelice officials at Jhun-police officials located at Jhunsi in the Allahabad. Allahabad district resemble very much the wise men of Gotham. One of them sent a horse, which had kicked a man, to the Magistrate for trial on a formal charge of grievous hurt, and also the dead body of a woman, who had committed suicide, for trial under section 109 of the Indian Penal Code! It is generally believed that the brain of every Magistrate who is placed in charge of Jhunsi becomes affected by the climate of that place.

A local correspondent of the Surma-i-Rosgár (Agra), of
Honorary Magistrates at the 16th July, received on the 4th
Agra.

August, approves of the remarks made
by the Nasim-i-Agra about the Honorary Magistrates at
Agra, and observes that Saiyid Turab Ali, Babu Gopal Singh,
and Kunwar Kanhay Singh perform their duties properly.

Girculation, 300 copies.

Circulation, 250 copies. As to the other Honorary Magistrates, the less said of them, the better. The Nastm-i-Agra complains that two members of one family have been made Honorary Magistrates; and it is believed that one more member of that family will shortly be invested with the exercise of esiminal powers. The appointment of several members of a family to such posts is objectionable. The writer is of opinion that competent pensioned Government servants, who are known to be just and conscientious, should be made Honorary Magistrates.

Circulation, 415 copies. The Municipal Board, authority of the Lucknow Advocate, Lucknew.

gives an account of the proceedings of a special meeting of the Lucknow Municipal Board held on the 18th July, at which a debate took place about a resolution regarding the appointment of municipal servants which had been passed at a previous meeting, but which had been altered at the office of the Municipal Secretary. In conclusion, the Hindustán observes that the Pigacer, which is always ready to praise Anglo-Indian officials for their justice and conscientiousness, should express its sense of shame at the proceedings of Mr. Mulock, the President of the Lucknow Municipal Board.

Chroulation,

Margaria

Circulation

orgon G. L

The Hindustan (Kálákankar), of the 6th August, publishes some extracts from an article in Hindu religious processions at Cawnpore, and the the Bharat Mittra of Calcutta in District Magistrate. which the writer complains that Bajpaiji, the grandson of the late Gur Prasad Shukl, Cawnpore, has been fined Rs. 300 by Mr. Wright, the District Magistrate, on a charge of disobedience of orders. He holds a Hindu religious progession in the month of Asar every year. On the occasion of the last procession Mr. Wright being at Allahabad, Bajpaiji sent his agent there to obtain permission from him for the procession. But Mr. Wright gave no reply. Bajpaiji then applied to the Joint Magistrate, who granted permission, and the procession marched under the supervision of the City Inspector of Police. It is difficult to understand why Mr. Wright has convicted Bajpaiji for disobedience of his orders and fined him. Rs. 300. He could not postpone the procession and was perfectly justified in applying to the Joint Magistrate for permission during the District Magistrate's The writer thinks that Mr. Wright has fined absence. Bajpaiji through malice, as he owed a grudge to the latter's grandfather with whom he had a dispute about a bungalow. Mr. Wright also charged the managers of another Hindu religious procession with disobedience of orders, on the ground that they did not bring the procession to a close within the fixed time, and it was with great difficulty that they succeeded in securing an acquittal. The fact is, that he is very ready to accuse any person of disobedience of orders. Whenever he happens to pass through any street in the city, he orders the platform before the house or shop of one man to be demolished, the thatched roof of another man's shop to be removed, and so forth. Heaven protect the people from such a District Magistrate. It is believed that Bajpaiji has appealed to the High Court against the orders of Mr. Wright.

The Mufid-i-Am (Agra), of the 1st August, observes that
the prevalence of bribery and corruption
among low paid among the lower classes of GovernGovernment servants.

ment servants is chiefly due to the low
rates of pay allowed to them. A clerk whose pay does not
exceed Rs. 8 or 10 a month cannot possibly support himself
and his family unless he increases his income by receiving bribes.

The salaries of such low paid clerks should be increased.

Circulation, 100 copies.

A correspondent of the Oudh Akhbár (Lucknow), of the

31st July, is of opinion that the
peasantry in this country, being steeped
in ignorance, will never be able to improve agriculture, and
therefore calls upon educated persons to assist ignorant cultivators with their advice and to encourage the introduction of
improved methods of cultivation.

Circulation, 550 copies,

LEGISLATION.

The Najmu-l-Akhbar (Etawah), of the 1st August, referring to the Leprosy Bill, observes that the provision as to the segregation of lepers is rather a severe one. Government will find it difficult

Circulation, 175 copies. to separate leprous husbands from their wives, leprous mothers from their sons and daughters, and so forth.

POST-OFFICE.

Circulation, 87 copies.

A correspondent of the Najmu-l-Hind (Jaunpur), of the 5th August, urges that a branch post-Suggestion as to the establishment of a post-office at Akbarabad in the office should be established at Akbár-Bijnor district, and the abad, Kiratpur, in the Bijnor district, supply of a vernacular and that a letter-box should be placed translation of telegrams to addressées. at Basikotla, Kiratpur. Moreover, the writer suggests that telegraph offices should also send a vernacular translation of telegraphic messages to addressees, on the ground that addressees are exposed to much inconvenience in finding out the contents of such messages if they

LOCAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

or their neighbours do not know English.

Circulation, 800 copies.

The Dabdaba-i-Qaisari (Bareilly), of the 3rd August, comcases of theft at Bareil. plains that cases of theft frequently occur at Bareilly. In one night four thefts were committed at shops and houses situated in public streets. It would seem that thieves carry ladders with them, as they left a ladder in a street. The occurrence of such daring thefts shows that the police do not keep proper watch and ward at night.

Circulation,

連続研究の同

The Dabdaba-i-Qaisari (Bareilly), of the 3rd August, Curtailment of marri. expresses great satisfaction at the age expenses in Réjputana. success which has attended Colonel Walters' efforts in the reduction of marriage and funeral expenses among the nobility and gentry of Réjputana, and suggests that Government officials in other parts of the country should follow his example and bring pressure to bear upon the people to curtail their extravagant marriage expenses.

Circulation,

A local correspondent of the Godharm Prakásh (Cawnpore), for Angust, is glad to notice
the Cawnpore cow-shed by that the widow of the late Chunni
a Hindu widow.

Lal Maheshri, Cawnpore, has been
pleased to construct a good masonry well at the Cawnpore

cow-shed to provide an adequate supply of water for kine in the shed. She intends to construct such a large reservoir near the well that 400 kine may drink water from it at the same time. The cost of the well and the reservoir will be about Rs. 5,000. It is to be hoped that other well-to-do Hindu women will follow her example and assist in the preservation of kine.

Circulation

	1		1 10 May		9 6	1	14.35		. 77		•		
. 8	4.7	8			cluding 288	Govern	*	6					
Cracetterio	(LE 9 ×			7.4E	cluding conies	÷ G	76 copies.	ind)			A)		11.614
- 5		W MAN SE . L	3 8	3 8	cluding conies	by G	76	150	3	3 9	8	38	200
在工作的自由的中央 中	a to the	NOT	Louis					- Ś		00	H	a -	1 1-1 6
4			•	1	1		& 7th,	& 5th,	•			•	•
9	. 6	1		4	8		8				1		
8	1889.	記書	4		DIE		2nd	1st	6th	3rd	1st	3rd	Sind Pro
DATE OF PROBLE		Aug.	2		2			•	•	2 :	2 2		2 2
		4						•		,			<u> </u>
DATE OF PAPER.					& Aug.		29th & Aug.	Aug.		July,	: :	100	
7	1889.	. 4		٠	8		*	8				٩	2
0	81	28th 31st	3		3rd.		29th	24th	t 3	une 6	29th	1st	ugust
DAR	Via.	Suly 	2	2	2			2	August 3rd	For June &	July	Aug.	For A
		AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	8	:	1		1	-;	A.	- H		A -	For
		4	Hussin					•		•	Varmá,		1381
		H	<u> </u>	191				**		4	D Q	di	Ha:
		han Ali	9	1-1-1	-lan	. 11	pur	Я	Lál	badr A14	rish	Sar	Hi-H
VANEOR PUBLISHER.		Sajammul Hussin Imír Khán Ishraf Ali	uqarra Khán.		nma-I-nmu		Sadá Nand	mír Alí	Cishun Lal	Raj Bahadur	ám Krishn	hun	Shmudu-l-Hasan
Ž.		Taj. Ash	4 6		4		Sad	Ami	Kis	H	Rán	Kis	KE
M. OB		HOA	•	•	•		i	:	:	:		:	11
MONTHLY, WERLY, OR OTHERWISE.	e	ط			9KIY					A.	>		J.
MON		Weekly "		2	- 46		Weekly			Monthly	8 :		Month!
	1	3		:	Ordu-English, Bi-weekly		8			N N			Monthly
LANGUAGE.					glis		٠		•	du.	: :	•	• •
KG.O.					- -		::			5			
. 3		Urdu		2.	Jrdu		Hindi	Urdu		Hindi-Urdu	Hindi	Urdu	2 2
•			1	•	:		T	-	:	:	1		1:
		bad		2	Act.		40.0	ind.		. 1	>	bed	
LOGALIER		Agra. Moradabad	Meerut	Cawnpore	t to Aligarh		Almors	Meerut	Lucknow	Bareilly	Benares	Moradabad	Unap
		Agra Mora	AL DES DESCRIPTION	5	1			Me	Luc	B.	Ber	Mo	Unap
Artistic with a second		111	1	:	2		i	i	1	:	:		: :
		Day Carlotte Towns		11 1221	*				*				P
				.5.4	•					100			
1		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Llan				Abár	. No de	Him	9	**	pus	effe
		Alkhoder Parcia Alkhoder	-i-Alam	Tasair	Te of		Akhbár	L-Akhbá	B. t. Hin	atters	Jinas	. Hind	Gazette
		re Abbbér to Pensis	bbdr-i-Alam		gerk Lasts coeffe.	197	iors Akhbár	bru-l-Akhbár	uman-i-Hind	a Potoro	rat Jiwas	bal . Hind	orpse vin Gazette
Nace	i de la companya de l	April Abibér April Possi Associ-Abibér	Abbler i Alam	More	6 Algeria Isotto		Almora Akkbár	Amiru-I-Akhbá	Asysman - Hin	Arya Pottera	Bldrat Jiwas	aral and	Coloin Gazette

LIST OF NEWSPAPERS EXAMINED.

																			-													
							1					-6			Ġ.	342	ken	3rn-				1			. *	1	100		a en			
2:	28	3	2.70	:2	2	2	2		2	•	:		•	2	opies	cluding 342	copies taken	Govern	+)	comica	-		copies.	:	:	-11	8		.,	•		2
468	223		•	72	160	800	415	9	36	33	720	8	250	250	500 c	clud	copi	by	ment).	006				200	200	130	116	20		970	100	250
7th,	• '\$ '	27	•	:	:	:	र्मु:		:	:	:	:	:				:			-		:	:	:	;	:	7th.					0tp
48			**				2						1													-	2	1		14		33
1st, &	24			6th	2nd	25	18t,	Kth	100	OCU	Ist	2nd	3rd	7th	5th					1	C+h	100	/נט		3rd		1st		6th	2nd	5th	
12	2 1	•	***		:	.2	2		*	**		2	*	:	:	:					2	*	:	**	*	2			:	. :	: :	
29th & Aug.	18th	28	.4	:	:	:	Aug.		:	:	:	:	:								:	:	:	:	:	:	ng.	0	7			Aug.
3	4	24E	, 181	. t	Ten .		2																				& A					A 3
1			Aug, 1st	-	20th	-		oth,			28th	1st	*	5th	2nd					101	Par o	חות	August	30th	28th	29th	-		3rd	28th	1st	29th 5th.
Tuhammad Husain, July	For July			For	July	For	July		S T	o my		Aug.		:							2			July	:	:	:		Ang.	July	Aug.	July
ii,				:	:	:	:	Ganna Dungly Varme		:	1	F.	:	P.:.	Kar			•			:	:	:	:	fn,	T	Pd.	1.				
Inse				181			P	A	3	0	unammad Khaill.	Saiyid Hasan Jafar,		Muhammad Yaqub	Shankar								Į,	D	zhar Ahsan Khán		ulam Muhammad.					
E E	Gauri Datt	+		Seth Mohan Lal	Į	P	Gur Datt Sukla	240	ממר י	anabir Frasad	4 0	an.	hán	l Ye	7					290	Thebur Drosed		Duagwan Frasau	Narayan Prasad	Ran		ha		kar	r.	én	•
ama	Dat	1		open of	P	Prassid	t	9	1	4	ma	Has	haggú Khán	ma	JI	Misrs. M			1	due Duoofd	0		1	7	A	:	M	4	han	-1-18	Kh	AIÍ
han	iri me			P	lidu	ni P	Ä	-	tc,	18.01	DBE	Zi.	ggú	18m	kshmi	iara			4 4	•			M S	yaı	har		lám		£ 8	imu	Bd	ad.
Mu	Gauri Datt		*	Set	Sadidu-l-dín	Beni	GE	. 2		Mar	M	Saiy	Bha	Muk	Lak	A				D.A	Phó		NO C	Nare	Maz		Ghu		Gaurí Shankar	Karimu-l-lah	Ahmad Khán	Amjad Alí
N.		eliable into	***				:		*	:	:					-							-	-		:					7	,
	b .			A	Bi-monthly	A				T		र्नु सु																		Z	thly	
	skly			音	non	th	۸.	1.1		. 66K	KIN	lon		kly	•								Ì.	ELY S							non	cly
2	Monthly Weekly			Monthly	Bi-r	Monthly	Duily	Wookl	5	DI-WEEKIY	W eekly	Bi-month	:	Weekly	:	:				* .	2	2	month	Weekly	:	:	:		:		Tri-monthly.	Weekly
	6		100	:	:	i	:	7.30		;	:				Dyn an					1000	:	:	1:	<u> </u>	:	ah de			1		H	
									•	rga					Hindi-Urdn			*						5		Hindi-English	0	Y				
	# =			#	0		#) -: :	-				11-11											E E						
*	Hind!	18 35 18 35		Hindi	Orda	:	Hindi	T.A.	2	Hindi-Orac	Ordu	:	:	:	Sind					[Tank		2	=	:	:	ind	Urdu			2 :	2 :	
-		Serve.					1-12		:				LUM	20			Ar The San	far-is			:	:	-	-		田			-			-
				9		P	Kálákankar				•					•					•	•		•	•	-				-		ď.
par	the state		,	10di		aba	kan		TOM	4	nt	DOW	u.	MOU	8						2	?	208		it it	B	MO		Ore			aba
Kem	Meerut		1	Сампроге	Birt	Allahabad	818		g.	Jaipur	Meerut	Lucknow	Kanaui	Lucknow	Renarea	•				200	Poweill.	margani	A Hana bad	Agra	Pilibhít	Jodhour	Lucknow		Cawnhore	Rimor	4	Moradabad
15	AG		na squa	<u>د</u>	<u>v</u>	4	<u>×</u>		3.	3	3	7	M	7		•				_	10	1	4	A	P	5	5		ع	ä	Agra	Ħ
da	W. A.			4	•			19	•	•	•		:		,	•					•	•	:	:	:		- 4.					
ka	rzet	-		kás														**		-		200	has	rak	61	. 0						
1.0	Ö		27	Pra	iga	ind	K.			202	adi	per	Bok		ik					2.2	2	5	mar	ska.	Afe	zet	zi.			202		ram
2	5		5		N-	H	tán		S C	5	-Kz	Pay	Z	ah	att			1	100	100	3 6	4	Sa	d	-1-F	Ga	.0	4	Nach	76.00	A.	F-
Dabdaba-i-Sikandari, Bámpur	Devandgri Gazette Ritadi	CONT.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Godharm Prak	3	2-200	Hindustan	-	-	1	30-5	997	100	a'em	7						-	179	725	sth	shie	dir	-		7-5-		7-8-	ar-
00	0			300	Gokar - Negar	Halat-i-Hind	H		Trade and and	Japur Gasette	Jalua-t-Ezadi	Tubiles Paper	Kanawi Punch	Karsamah	Khehl Pattrika			4.1		1	Description of the second	Layasia nejorme	Kayasth Samachar	Káyasth Upkárak	Khurshid-i-Afaq	Marwar Gazette	Masher-i- Oaisar	1	Matla-s- Nur	Mehr-s-Nimros	Warid-i-Am	Naiyar-i-Azam
4	-00		A STATE	8			23927	is 194		8 G	796.0						•		-	-			min last	dest 16	e services		et pres	(Market)	MARKET ST	-	+	
. 4	T a		r.	2	91	4	07	1	N	N I	37	2	9	6	S		2			57	9 9	9	3	2	35	88	6	-	8	3 8	3	4

A 60 80 80	Nation.	Lootuur	LAMETAGE.	MONTHLY, WEBKLY, OB OTHERWISE.	NAMES OF PURIORIES.	DATE OF PAPER.	DATE OF RECEPT.		Crescontanto	Varione.
कर दर्ज दर	The state of the s					1889.	1889.			
100 M	Lord Athlete		Urdu	Weekly	Tsjammul Hussin	July 28th	Aug.		240 200 200 200	
900	free Peace	Moradabad	: : : a a :		A STEER OF STREET, SE	" 31st " 30th	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##		33	
, ,		Cawnoore	•	•	Khán. Rahmatu-l-lah		" 4th	1	260	•
9 6			Urdu-English, Bi-weekly	Bi-weekly	Alfmu-l-lah	" 30th & Aug.	pag "	& Gth,	493 copies	493 copies (including 288
10 W	Gasetto.					3			copies by G	Govern-
-		A lange	Hindi	Weekly	Sads Nand	" 29th & Aug.	" Snd	& 7tb,	ment). 76 copies	pies.
- 0	Calenda Akibár				Amír Alí	5th. 24th & Aug.	" 1st	& 5th,	150	2
0	layamon-c-Hind	E	,			Angust 3rd	" 6th		164 800	2 2
21	Lyg Pathra	Bareilly Lucknow	Urdu	Weekly	Ahmad Alf	Aug. 2nd July 29th	3rd	• •	1,400	2 8
lates Parison Rib	Blarat Jiwas Bulbel-i-Hind	Moradabad	Hindi Urdu		Kishun Sarúp Kunj Vihéri L	Aug. July	2.2	• •	87. 87.	
199	Coloin Gazette Dabdaba-i-Qaisarf	Unao		Monthly Weekly	Mahmudu-l-Hasan .	For August	1 6th	:		
										Now or other

	* * * * *	pies (in- ng 342 s taken Govern-	ppies.	
800	92 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	copies by ment		250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250 250
: :व <u>्</u> र				<u>।वै । ।व</u> ै
Sth to	er gra	g	reter E	1st & 6th 2nd 5th 5th & 1st &
8.28 8	2 2 2 2 2	•	* * * * *	22 2222
Aug.	1::::	1	11111	Aug.
th, to	다. 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1	- g	P P st	શ્રુ શ્રુ
or July 81 ug. 4		a a	4	10 to 100
THE A		re .		July July July
ukla skd Va	Khal Khal n Jáfi án Yáqú	Shan	6d sad rasad saad sa Kh	Ghulám Muhammad, Gaurí Shankar Karímu-l-lah Ahmad Khán
Prassic Datt S	Dir Fr mmad Hassa gu Kh mmad	3. E.	r Praván	Shank nu-l-la d Khá
	Maha Muha Saiyid Bhagg Muha	Mis	Rudra Tháku Bhagy Náráy Mazha	Ghulám Muhar Gaurí Shankar Karímu-l-lah Ahmad Khán
	γ. Ε.Ε.Α.			 hly.
fonthi wily Weekly	i-week eekly i-mont "eekly	2	" onthly eekly	""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
A D E		;	₹	
e 6 e	di-Urd	i-Urd		i-English
Hin Gra	Urd	Hing.	The state of the s	Hindiel Urdu
bad nkar.	B B		F Pa	re d
Agra Allahal Kalaka Auckno	faipur feerut nekno Kanauj nekno	Senare	ackno lahab gra ilibhít	Lucknow Cawnpore Bijnor Agra Moradabad
	1 : : :	:	1111	PH OMAN
\$ \$	dte dte	7	bar borner dehar cárak (fág	iear iear os
i-Neg i-His orden etden	FEE	A CONTRACTOR	FR Beg	Nárvár Gazette Nashir-i-Qaisar Natla-i-Núr Nihr-i-Nímros Najsar-i-Am
		THE RESERVE AND THE PARTY OF TH		
Gokar-i-N Hálat-i-H: Rindustán Rindustání	Jayon Jalon Jubile Kanas Kárn			Marroar Ga Matla-i-Qa Matla-i-Núr Mibr-i-Ním Mafíd-i-Am
	Allshabad " Monthly Beni Prasad For July 20th 3rd Kalakankar. Hindi Daily Gang's Prasad Varma Aug. 4th 5th 5th	Allahabad " Monthly Beni Prasad July 20ch Brid Monthly Beni Prasad July 21 Bard Bard July 21 Bard	Alishabad " Monthly Sadidu-l-din "	Monthly Sadadu-1-din 19ty 20th 18th to 7th 415 18th to 7th 415

The later than the la				11 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1		The second secon	
NA.	DOGATERY.	Language.	MONTHLY, WEBELY, OR OTHERWISE,	NAMES OF PUBLISHER.		Date of Paper		Days of Secent.	F. CIROTATION	ġ
						1889.		1869.		
Hose Hose	Etáwah	Urdu	Bi-weekly B	Búha-l-lah Khán	Aug.	1	Aug		175 copies.	
Wasten-i-Agra	Fatchpur		Part Indian	emné Dás J	July	30th	: a a	1st	* * *	est obligation a
66 Nasir-i-Hind				2.24	Aug.			2nd 6th	22	
1-desode	Cawapore			Abdu-l-Hamid	July	91st 8rd	2 : 2	2nd 8rd	100	100 May 1
		Marata.		Wasudeva Bhaskar	July		***	Sud	* 007	
50 Oudle Abibble	Lucknow		Daily	Sheo Prassd		31st to Aug	8	1st 3rd	& 550 copies (in-	ij
						esti.		Oth.	cluding	8
					*		-		0	Tern-
52 Partie Pencis	b.	:	Weekly		Aug.	184	**	8	ment).	i de la composición dela composición de la composición de la composición dela composición dela composición dela composición de la composición dela composición de la composición dela com
S. Rabbar	Moradabad	: :	1 ,	Gantam Husain	July	29th	*	2nd	860	
66 Lapostona Gasette		Urdu-Hindi	: :		Atug.	1st		: 4	36	
	doraknpur	Ordu	:	Nizam Ahmad	July	1st, 8th,	*		325	i
66 Bosdank	. Venognow					8 80		,	2	
				tegn banadar	*	Blat & Aug.	**	1st, 4th d	75 %	
Dr. INggon Kirts Sudhakar Udaipur		Hindi	Weekly B	B 1shi Dhar	*	29th	*	Sec.	108	-

	-		30,
		2 2)
250	250	126	310
	•		Ŧ
1st Std	作	1st 5th	3rd
22	\$	* *	
	Aug.	Aug.	
28th 31st	6th &	27th 24th &	1st
2 2		2 S S S S	* 1 co
Anant	:	4 :	·
	a	Kbá	ij
anwári Lál akshman Pravácí.	Itrat Husain	Muzaffar Alf Khán Púran Chand	Sajjád Husain
Banwi Laksh Pra	[trat	Muza fi Púran	Sajjád
#4	- 11		
-			·
Weekly	:	8.8	-
, p	i,	: :	•
Kbandwa Marathi. Weekl	rdu	3.2	
DM	Urdu	::	-
debad		labad low	42
Klan	Agra	Mored	Meerut
L	•	Moradabad Lucknow 79	:
THE WAY	3 7 2 7		
die Bindhe	i-Ro	*	Hend
that of	Surma-i-Razgár	alesto Freeze	Tithi-i-Hind
. एक	.00	BH.	BI'

LUCKNOW, 1889. }

Goot. Reporter on the Vernacular Press of Upper India.

CHEER AS USE H.-W. P. AND OUDE GOVERNMENT PRING, ALLANDER

SELECTIONS

FROM THE

VERNACULAR NEWSPAPERS

Received up to 14th August, 1889.

CONTENTS.

POLITICAL.

		The second second			
V.					Page
Sir Lepel Griff	in's attack on n	ative states	***		497
Prince Albert	Victor's visit to	India		•••	497
Dalip Singh's	proclamation		٠,٢٠	•••	498
Ditto	ditto		•4•	•••	498
Rumour as to	the appointment	of Mahara	ja Dalip Si	ngh as Gove	rnor of
Pondicherry		•••)			499
	V	ATIVE ST	ATTE		
	Δ.	WILLY ST	AILS.		
	haviour of Majo	or Barr tow	rards the Co	ouncil of R	egency
in Gwalior			•••	••• •	499
Death of the 1	Mahárája of Ko	tah		•••	499
Id riots at Rái	mpur		•••	•••	500
Alleged neglec	t of education	in native st	ates		500
Removal of R	ája Ram Singh	from the pe	ost of President	dent of the	Council
of Regency			•••		501
	GENTER	AT. ATIMT	NISTRAT	ION .	
	CENER	AL ADMI	MISIMAL	W.	
Alleged object	ionable proceed	ings of som	e Magistrat	es	501
	or the separat				tions of
district offic	ials in the Nort	h-Western	Provinces a	nd Oudh	502
Cruelty to bire	ds and animals	et Allahaba	d	•••	508
Mr. Seton Ker	r's proposal as	to the reviv	al of the P	ress Act	50
	ice officials in H				50
	se of dronkenn			13 40	50
CONTRACTOR OF THE SECOND	7			A Day of the last	

-					:	Dune
AANTHE HEEV	MEN T	LEGISLA'	FION.			Page
The Central Provi		Conservance	y Bill	•••		504
The Leprosy Bill		40000	2 8 766	• • • •		505
Ditto.	Service Constitution in		e è è	1.1	•••	505
		EDUCAT	ION.			
Levy of a school	ing-fee from	boys in the	village sch	ools in the B	areilly	505
Persian course for		e exeminati	on of the	Illahahad N	niver-	000
sity, 1891.	•••	~ · · · ·		•••	•••	506
	POST-O	FFICE AN	D BAILW	AY. *		
A complaint again	PARTY OF THE PARTY	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE		The second second second second		507
the Indian Mid	land Railwa	y towards a	female pass	senger		507
	LOCAL	AND MISC	ELLANEC	US.		•
Floods in Mandia	and other v	illages in B	areilly distr	ict	•••	507
Cases of theft at	Mirzapur	•		•••	•••	508
boo tan in in in	(and)		417			
diation with	1.11				•	
n debede i Zania			11.			

(4) 中央**开**工的位置 安任

STATE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

matthe transfer of an armine the took

Agricult out in the tale in allowing

Whysil all ...

Administration

Continuous diff. 9th Ti